### Full Marks - 70

Time - 3 Hrs.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Answer ALL the questions.

1. What do you mean by Social Research? Discuss the objectives and importance of Social Research.

[14

OR

Write short notes on:

 $[7 \times 2]$ 

- (a) Purposes of Experimental Social Research.
- (b) Limitations of the Scientific Method.
- 2. Define Report Writing. Discuss the different steps in writing a Report. [14]

**OR** 

Write short notes on:

 $[7 \times 2]$ 

- (a) Components of Research Design.
- (b) Characteristics and Formulation of Hypothesis.

3. As a researcher, how will you use observation and Interview methods as an effective tool in gathering qualitative data? [14]

OR

Write short notes on:

 $7 \times 2$ 

(a) Random Sampling.

(b) Types of Survey Method.

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4. Examine the process of Data Analysis in research. How do researchers code, analyze and interpret data effectively?

OR

Write short notes on:

[7 x 2

- (a) Uses and limitations of statistics.
- (b) Purpose and types of Frequency distribution.
- 5. Define Central Tendency. How do you find Central Tendency and what are the measures of Central Tendency?

OR

Write short note on:

 $[7 \times 2]$ 

- (a) Essential conditions for a chi-square test.
- (b) Standard deviation as the method of statistical analysis.



#### Full Marks - 70

Time - 3 Hrs.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Answer ALL questions.

1. Bring out the essentials of Marx's concept of Materialist Interpretation of History. Write its Limitations. [14]

OR

Write short notes on the following:  $[7 \times 2 = 14]$ 

- (a) Marx's idea on "Alienation".
- (b) An evaluation of Max Weber's 'Bureaucracy' Today.
- 2. Examine the principal contribution of Talcott Parsons to modern sociological thought. [14]

OR

Write short notes on the following:  $[7 \times 2 = 14]$ 

- (a) Durkheim on "Rules of Sociological Method".
- (b) 'Structural Functionalism' as presented by Talcott Parsons.

3. Present a brief sketch on the Pluralistic Critiques in sofar as advocacy of Elite and circulation of this class.

#### OR

Write short notes on the following:  $[7 \times 2 = 14]$ 

- (a) Pareto's idea of circulation of Elites.
  - (b) Three major features of Mosca's Sociological Thought on Elite.
- 4. What do you understand by "Political Communication"? Examine its various forms and barriers towards securing effective political participation. [14]

#### OR

Write short notes on the following:  $[7 \times 2 = 14]$ 

- (a) Political Apathy.
- (b) Issues in Political Development in Developing Societies.
- 5. Prepare a brief essay on "Social Stability: Issues, Trends and Prospects." [14]

#### OR

Write short notes on the following:  $[7 \times 2 = 14]$ 

- (a) Seminal ideas of Prof. M. N. Srinivas on "Social Change in India".
- (b) Social conflict: Meaning and Processes.



### Full Marks - 70

#### Time - 3 Hrs.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

# Answer ALL questions.

1. Critically examine Plato's theory of Justice.

 $[1 \times 14]$ 

#### OR

- (i) Write a short notes on Plato's concept of communism. [2 x 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>
- (ii) Importance of Philosopher King in Plato's Ideal State.
- 2. Critically examine Aristotle's thought regarding 'Best State'. [1 x 14]

## OR

- (i) Write a short note on Aristotle views on causes of Revolution.  $[2 \times 7^{1}/_{2}]$
- (ii) Write a short note on Aristotle views on Distributive Justice.

"Thomas Hobbes was the supporter of absolute 3. . sovereignty." Comment.  $1 \times 14$ 

OR

Write a short notes on Hobbes's views on (i) Individualism.  $[2 \times 7^{1}/_{2}]$ (ii)

Evaluate Hobbes's understanding of state of nature.

4. How far it is correct to say that it was John Locke who was responsible for setting liberalism in motion? Put your arguments. [1.x 14]

OR

(i)Write a short notes on Locke's nature of contract.

 $[2 \times 7^{1}/_{2}]$ 

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Write a short notes on Locke's theory of Natural (ii) Rights.

"Rousseau's theory of General will is a profound 5. contribution to the political thought." Comment.

 $[1 \times 14]$ 

## OR

(i) Write short notes on Rosseau's Social contract especially his ideas on participatory democracy.

 $[2 \times 7^{1}/_{2}]$ 

Write a short note on Rosseau's ideas on (ii) sovereignty.



#### Full Marks - 70

Time - 3 Hrs.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Answer ALL the questions.

There has been a decline of American hegemoney.

Comment. [1 x 14]

OR

Write note on the following:

(i) Causes of end of Cold War.

(ii) Various examplary arrangements for Global Order.

2. "Functionalism is for the evaluation of piecemeal and non-political cooptation organizations in the globe". Examine. [1 x 14]

OR

Write notes on the following:

 $[2 \times 7]$ 

 $[2 \times 7]$ 

Joseph Nye's concept of neo-functionalism.

(ii) Approaches to National Integration.

# [2]

3. International Terrorism is a huge challenge to international peace and security. Explain. [1 x 14]

### OR

Write note on the following:

[2x7]

- (i) Major impacts of Environmental issues on international politics.
- (ii) Impacts of economic globalization on Women.
- 4. Discuss the role of UN in maintaining peace and security in the world.

OR

Write notes on the following:

 $[2 \times 7]$ 

- (i) Restructuring the United Nations.
- (ii) New Security challenges to UN.
- 5. Discuss the impact of Human Rights in global politics. [1 x 14]

### OR

Write notes on the following:

 $[2 \times 7]$ 

- (i) Distinguish between intervention and humanitarian interventions with examples.
- (ii) Contemporary relevance of human rights.



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# Full Marks - 70

Time - 3 Hrs.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

# Answer ALL the questions.

"Democracy as it is practiced in India Today has been deeply entrenched in its historical roots and ethos." – Examine this statement. [14]

OR

Answer the following:

 $[7 \times 2]$ 

- (a) Democracy and India's national freedom struggle.
- (b) Strengths and weeknesses of Representative Democracy in India.
- 2. Trace out the various phases of growth of Democracy in India. [14]

OR

Answer the following:

 $[7 \times 2]$ 

- (a) Parliament of India: A Semi-sovereign Democratic Institution.
- (b) Origin of Democracy in Pre-Independent India.

3. Present a brief essay on "Tribal Movements in India: Issues and Prospects. [14]

#### **OR**

Answer the following:

 $[7 \times 2]$ 

- (a) Performance of National Political Parties in Last Lok Sabha Election.
- (b) Women's Participation in Rural Local Bodies.
- 4. What is 'Identity Politics'? Explain in brief, how various linguistic and Ethnic communities contribute towards shaping and determining identity politics in India in recent times. [14]

#### OR

Answer the following:

 $[7 \times 2]$ 

- (a) Role of caste in defining identity politics.
- (b) Religion and issues of communal harmony in India.
- 5. "Civil Societies and Democratic experience in India go together in extricably in fronts of Nation Building in India: Elucidate. [14]

#### OR

Answer the following:

 $7 \times 2$ 

- (a) "The Resilence and success story of Democracy in India have been strongly premised upon the political economy of development." Comment.
- (b) Coercive elements in the Governance process.

