

CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT AND DEMOCRACY IN INDIA

CORE PAPER- II

1. The constitution was adopted on which year ?
2. Who is the leader of Swaraj party ?
3. The constituent assembly consisted of how many members?
4. Who wrote young India?
5. In which year august offer was created ?
6. All party conference was formed in which year ?
7. The cabinet mission plan formed in which year ?
8. Who moved the historic objective resolution ?
9. Who is the chairman of drafting committee ?
10. What is the expense to framing the constitution ?
11. Who is the head of the union constitution committee?
12. Who is the head of the fundamental right subcommittee?
13. In which year young India was written ?
14. Who is the leader of swaraj party ?
15. Cabinet mission consisted of how many members ?
16. The assembly appointed drafting committee on which year ?
17. How many committee was framed by the constituent assembly ?
18. Who is the advisory branch of the office of constituent assembly ?
19. Who said assembly represented only the major community of India?
20. The constituent assembly had its 1st meeting on?
21. The word socialist added by which amendment ?
22. The fundamental right incorporated in which part ?
23. Which article of the constitution give fundamental right to every individual in connection with cultural development ?
24. Right to education act was enacted in which year in India?
25. Which fundamental rights cannot be suspended during emergency?
26. Which article of the Indian constitution contain right to religious freedom ?
27. Which article of the Indian constitution abolishes untouchability ?
28. How many freedoms re guaranteed by article 19 (Right to freedom)

29. Who is the guardian of Fundamental Rights enumerated in Indian constitution ?
30. Which part of the Indian constitution has been described as the soul of the constitution ?
31. Which constitutional amendment deleted right to property from the list of fundamental rights ?
32. At present in the constitution Right to property is a which right ?
33. Which of the following Articles of the Indian constitution guarantees freedom to press ?
34. The constitution of India adopted fundamental duties from which constitution ?
35. When fundamental duties were added in the constitution of India ?
36. At present how many fundamental duties are in the constitution ?
37. In Indian constitution , Fundamental duties are given in which Article ?
38. Which committee advocated the fundamental duties in the Indian constitution ?
39. The Fundamental Duties are mentioned in which part ?
40. The addition of one more Fundamental duty was held in which year?
41. Which article consist of equal pay for equal work men and women ?
42. Which of the articles in the constitution state the Gandhian principle?
43. From which country has Indian constitution borrowed DPSP ?
44. Which article of the Indian constitution deals with Directive Principle of state policy ?
45. Who said that Directive principle of state policy are like a cheque on a bank payable at the convince of the bank ?
46. What Are the ideals that a state must keep in mind while framing policies called ?
47. What is article 43 of DPSP ?
48. Which of the articles in the constitution state the Gandhian principle ?

49. Which articles state about uniform civil code throughout the country?
50. From which country has Indian parliament has borrowed?
51. What is the minimum age for holding office in the Lok Sabha?
52. A motion of no confidence against the government can be introduced in which sabha ?
53. How many sessions of the loksabha took place in a year ?
54. The parliament of India consist of Whom ?
55. Who decides whether a bill is a money bill or not ?
56. Who is known as Father of Loksabha?
57. Indian parliamentary system is based on which model ?
58. What is the name of the upper house of the Indian parliament ?
59. How Many members of Rajyasabha are nominated by the president ?
60. The council of states India is known as what ?
61. Who is the chairperson of Rajyasabha ?
62. Money bill can first introduced in which sabha?
63. The union list consist of how many subject ?
64. Who summons the Parliament ?
65. What is the article of national emergency ?
66. What is the maximum strength of Loksabha?
67. The loksabha election is based on what ?
68. What is the minimum age to be a member of loksabha ?
69. What is the maximum strength of rajyasabha?
70. What is the present strength of Rajyasabha?
71. How many members are nominated by president to the rajyasabha?
72. What is the quorum of the rajyasabha?
73. What is the term of rajyasabha?
74. The vice-president is the ex-officio chairman of which sabha ?
75. Who is served as the 14th president of india?
76. Which Article of the Indian constitution deals with the presidential election ?
77. Who was the 1st women president of india ?
78. The president have the power of pardoning under which article ?

79. What is the minimum age to contest presidential election in India?
80. Who is the constitutional head of the Indian state ?
81. House of Indian parliament are Prorogued by whom ?
82. In pocket veto, the president of India can keep a bill for what duration ?
83. Which Article of Indian constitution gives the procedure for impeachment of the president?
84. In 1986 who exercised pocket veto ?
85. The term of office of the president in India is ?
86. Who appoints the president of India?
87. Where did India get its concept of single order of court ?
88. Who can remove the judge of the supreme court ?
89. What is the current salary of the chief justice of the supreme court?
90. Which of the following articles states about the establishment of the supreme court ?
91. When was the supreme court of India established ?
92. Recently, the number of judges in supreme court has been fixed at ?
93. A supreme court judge can resign from his office by writing to whom ?
94. Under which article can supreme court issue a writ ?
95. The power of the supreme court to decide in the case of a dispute between two or more states is called ?
96. Which is the latest high court in India ?
97. How many high courts are in India currently ?
98. Who can extend the jurisdiction of a high court ?
99. Which state did not have a high court in India ?
100. In India chief justice of high court is appointed by ?
101. Which is the oldest high court in India?
102. In which amendment the retirement age of high court judges are increased from 60 to 62 ?

103. In which year , the government of India had set up the Sarkaria commission on centre- state relations?
104. The Sarkaria commission is related to what ?
105. Which Schedule of the Indian constitution divides the legislative powers between the union and states?
106. When did the president declare emergency ,on the request of ex-prime minister Indira Gandhi ?
107. The state of Telangana was officially formed in ?
108. Residuary power vested on whom ?
109. In which list does the union Government enjoy exclusive power ?
110. The finance commission is constituted under which article of the Indian constitution ?
111. How many list is enshrined in Indian constitution ?
112. Education coming under which list ?
113. Article 249 of the Indian constitution deals with ?
114. What is the article of residuary power ?
115. Who is the chairman of 15th finance commission ?
116. Who is the chairman of Niti ayog ?
117. How many topics are there in union list ?
118. How many topics are there in subject list ?
119. How many topics are there in concurrent list ?
120. In which part of the Indian constitution the centre –state relation was stated?
121. Who appoints a inter state council ?
122. The state reorganization act if 1956 divided state into how many Zonal council ?
123. In which article Governor reserved a bill for president ?
124. On which date , National panchayati Raj Day is observed ?
125. In which Five year plan , the panchayati raj system was introduced for the first time ?
126. The three tier system of panchayati raj was adopted by which state for the 1st time ?
127. The Balwant rai Meheta committee was established on ?
128. Which article deals with establishment of local government ?
129. What is the term of office for elected members of panchayat ?

130. The head of gram Panchayat is known as ?
131. Which structure is responsible For the implementation of development programmes in rural areas ?
132. Who is the head of municipal corporation?
133. How many notified area council india have ?

134. What is the proposed percentage of reservation for women in rural and urban local government ?
135. Which amendment has given a new stability and power to panchayati raj ?
136. In how many cities of odisha there is Municipal corporation?
137. What is the tenure of gram panchayat?
138. How many times does a panchayat samiti meets in One years ?
139. Who presided over the meetings of a zillaparishad?
140. How many grampanchayat we have in odisha?
141. Who is the executive officer of panchayat samiti?
142. In which year the central govt. established a separate panchayati raj ministry ?
143. How many municipal corporation in india?
144. Who is the chairman of municipal corporation ?
145. What is the minimum age requirement to become a member of a panchayat ?
146. Which committee was appointed on revitalisation of panchayati raj institutions for democracy and development ?
147. Which article provides for formation of a gramsabha ?
148. In which amendment act urban local government is inserted in india ?
149. How many functional items in Local self government ?
150. Who is the executive officer of municipal corporation ?

Answer :

1. 1949
2. C.R. das
3. 389
4. Mahatma Gandhi
5. 1914
6. 1927
7. 1945
8. Jawaharlal Nehru
9. B.R ambedkar
- 10.6.4 million
11. Jawaharlal neheru
- 12.J.b kripalini
- 13.1916
14. C.R das and motilal neheru
- 15.3
16. 29 aug 1947
- 17.22
- 18.B.N.rau
19. Winston Churchill
- 20.9dec1949
- 21.42nd amendment 1976
- 22.Part III
- 23.29 and 30
- 24.2002
- 25.Art21
- 26.Art25 to 28
- 27.Aerticle 17
- 28.6
- 29.Supremecourt
- 30.Art 32
- 31.44th
32. Legal right
- 33.Art 19
- 34.Ussr

35.1976
36.6
37. Art 51 A
38.Swaran singh committee
39.Iv A
40. 2002
41.Article 38
42. 48
43. Ireland
44. Art 36 to 51
45. K.t Saha
46.Dpsp
47. Secure to all workrs living wage
48. Gandhian principle -40, 43,43 B, 46 47 and 48
49. 44
50.British
51.62
52.Loksabha
53.Twice a year
54. Loksabha and rajyasabha
55.Loksabha
56. G.v malvanker
57.West minister model
58.Rajyasabha
59.12
60. Rajyasabha
61.Vice president
62.Loksabha
63.100
64. President
65.Art 352
66.550
67. Universal adult suffrage
68.21
69.250

70.245
71.12
72. 1\10th
73. 6 year
74. Rajyasabha
75. Ramnath govind
76. 52 to 62
77. Pratibha patil
78. 72
79. 35
80. President
81. President
82. Indefinite period
83. Art 61
84. Pr. Zail singh
85.5
86. By electoral college
87. Usa
88. On a resolution by president
89. 280,000
90. 124
91. 26jan 1950
92. 33
93. President
94. Art 32
95. Original jurisdiction
96. Andhra court and Telengana court
97.25
98. The parliament
99. Nagaland
100. President
101. Calcutta highcourt
102. 15th
103. 1985
104. Center –state

105. 7th
106. 1975
107. 2 june 2014
108. President
109. Union list
110. 280
111. 3
112. Concurrent list
113. Law on state list
114. 248
115. Nk singh
116. Prime minister
117. 97 subject
118. 66
119. 52
120. Part xi
121. President
122. 5
123. 200
124. 24th april
125. Second five year plan
126. Rajasthan
127. 1957
128. Art 40
129. 5yr
130. Sarpanch
131. community developmental programme
132. Mayor
133. 63
134. 33%
135. 73rd amendment act
136. 5
137. 5
138. Once
139. Chairman of zillaparishad

- 140. 6794
- 141. BDO
- 142. 2004
- 143. 5
- 144. mayor
- 145. 21
- 146. L.m singhvi committee
- 147. 243(B)
- 148. 74th amendment act
- 149. 29
- 150. corporator

1. The constitution of india was framed by ?
2. Who was the temporary president of the constituent assembly ?
3. The concept of single citizenship is inspired from which country ?
4. Who is known as the father of the indian constitution ?
5. The indian constitution was prepared in how many days ?
6. The idea of constituent assembly of india was first of all given by ?
7. Who presided over the inaugural meeting of the constituent assembly of india ?

