

**Shailabala Women's Autonomous College, Cuttack.**

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**U.G. 1st MID SEM Exam 2024**

**CORE – 1**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**Full Marks= 30**

**Time-1.5 Hour**

**Answer any One from Group A and any Two from Group B.**

**1. Long Type (12\*1)**

**Answer any one**

Explain the modern conceptualisation of the term Political

Or

Analyse the sovereignty of the state in the era of Globalisation.

**2. Short Type**

**Answer any two (4\*2)**

- a) Political Philosophy
- b) Internal External Sovereignty
- c) Elements of the State

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- b) Internal External Sovereignty
- c) Elements of the State

### Quiz Questions (1\*10)

All Questions are compulsory are compulsory

- i) Austin propounded the \_\_\_\_\_ theory of sovereignty.
- ii) \_\_\_\_\_ the most important feature of state.
- iii) \_\_\_\_\_ defined Political Science “ the study of shaping and sharing of powers”
- iv) Traditional approach to Political science is also known as \_\_\_\_\_ approach
- v) LPG means \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ .
- vi) The treaty of Westphalia was signed on \_\_\_\_\_ .
- vii) Globalisation means \_\_\_\_\_ of world economies
- viii) Membership of \_\_\_\_\_ is compulsory
  - a) Government                      c) Pressure Groups
  - b) State                                d) NGOs
- ix) Greek city states were known as \_\_\_\_\_ .
- x) \_\_\_\_\_ differentiated between applied politic and theoretical politics

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**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**U.G. 1st MID SEM Exam 2024 (Minor)**

**CORE – 1**

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**Full Marks= 30**

**Time - 1.5 Hour**

**Answer any One from Group A and any Two from Group B.**

1. Long Type (12\*1)

Answer any one

Explain the difference between Political theory and Political Philosophy.

Or

Define state and discuss its elements.

2. Short Type

Answer any two (4\*2)

- a) Define Sovereignty and its characteristics.
- b) Meaning and nature of Political Theory
- c) Difference between state and government.

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**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**U.G. 1st MID SEM Exam 2024(Minor)**

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- iii) \_\_\_\_\_ defined Political Science “ the study of shaping and sharing of powers”
- iv) Traditional approach to Political science is also known as \_\_\_\_\_ approach
- v) When WTO replaced GATT.
- vi) \_\_\_\_\_ is the father of Political Science.
- vii) Who wrote Republic?
- Viii) “State is an association of associations” who said that?
- ix) Population, territory, government and \_\_\_\_\_ are the elements of state.
- X) \_\_\_\_\_ thinker stated that Politics is the authoritative allocation of values in the society
- i) Acton ii) Hillman
- iii) Easton iv) Robert Dahl

### Quiz Questions (1\*10)

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**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**U.G. 1st MID SEM Exam 2024**

**Paper: CORE-2**

**INTRODUCTION OF CONSTITUTION OF INDIA**

**Full Marks= 30**

**Time – 1.5 Hours**

**Answer any One from Group A and any Two from Group B.**

**1. Long Type (12\*1)**

**Answer any one**

Critically analyse the salient features of the Indian Constitution

Or

Discuss the differences between Fundamental Rights and DPSP.

**3. Short Type ( 4\*2)**

**Answer any two**

- i) Explain Right to Equality
- ii) Discuss Govt. of India Act of 1935
- iii) Describe Fundamental Duties

**Shailabala Women's Autonomous College, Cuttack.**

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**U.G. 1st MID SEM Exam 2024**

**Paper: CORE-2**

**INTRODUCTION TO THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA**

**Full Marks= 30**

**Time – 1.5 Hours**

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**2. Short Type ( 4\*2)**

**Answer any two**

- i) Explain Right to Equality
- ii) Discuss Govt. of India Act of 1935
- iii) Describe Fundamental Duties

### Quiz Questions

1. \_\_\_\_\_ was the chairman of the Drafting committee of the Indian Constitution.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ described the Indian constitution as quasi-federal.
3. Fundamental Rights are contained in Part \_\_\_\_ of our Indian Constitution.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ is the guardian of our Fundamental Rights
5. Part \_\_\_\_\_ of our constitution promotes social and economic justice in India.
6. Article \_\_\_\_\_ of our constitution provides for Uniform Civil Code.
7. Article \_\_\_\_\_ of our constitution provides for protection of life and personal liberty.
8. The Minority in India have been ensured \_\_\_\_\_ rights under Article 29 and 30.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment Act of 2002 added the 11<sup>th</sup> Fundamental Duties to our Constitution.
10. Right to Constitutional Remedies granted under Article \_\_\_\_\_ of our Indian Constitution.

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